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# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2009



Henderson District Public Libraries Henderson, Nevada



Report Prepared By:
Debra M. Englund
Chief Financial Officer
Henderson District Public Libraries
280 South Green Valley Parkway
Henderson, Nevada 89012

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





October 29, 2009

To the Board of Trustees and the Citizens of the Henderson District Public Libraries:

We are pleased to present Henderson District Public Libraries' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. This report contains the financial statements and other financial information and statistical data that provide complete and full disclosure of all material aspects of the Henderson District Public Libraries (HDPL). The financial statements in this CAFR conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Nevada Revised Statute 354.624 requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Kafoury, Armstrong & Co. was selected to perform the fiscal year 2009 audit and has issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the Henderson District Public Libraries' financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2009. The independent auditor's report is located in the front of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. HDPL's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **Profile of Henderson District Public Libraries**

#### **Background**

HDPL's history begins in 1943 when a petition was formed to create the Henderson School Public Library. The petition was approved by the Board of County Commissioners, Clark County, Nevada on January 22, 1944, with a rate of ten cents for ad valorem taxes per annum fixed for the expenses. In an attempt to overhaul educational laws, the Henderson School Public Library became a county library district in 1956 during a special session of the Nevada Legislature. At that time, statutes providing for public libraries based on school district boundaries were replaced and county library districts were automatically established with identical boundaries. Since that time, library district boundaries have been adjusted three times. The latest adjustment, in April 2005, made the library district boundaries contiguous with the City of Henderson boundaries.

#### Mission

Henderson District Public Libraries seeks to cultivate a literate community by providing every citizen free access to books and information resources as well as state of the art technology that supports work, school and recreational activities.

HDPL meets this mission through the operation of five full service libraries located throughout the city. In addition, HDPL operates deposit collections in several senior centers and day care centers, and offers home delivery for homebound patrons.

#### **Reporting Entity**

HDPL was established and operates as an independent governmental unit under authority of Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) 379. HDPL is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees. Five trustees are appointed to four-year terms by the Board of County Commissioners of Clark County, Nevada. The remaining two trustees are appointed to three-year terms by the City of Henderson Council. The Board of Trustees is responsible for establishing policy and for the overall operations of HDPL maintained within the District's boundaries.

HDPL is not considered a component unit of any other governmental unit under criteria established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity."

#### **Budget**

HDPL is required to adopt a final budget on or before June 1<sup>st</sup> of each year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for HDPL's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and function but management is authorized to transfer resources between functions or funds if the amounts do not exceed total appropriations for the year and the Board of Trustees is notified at the next regular meeting.

#### Collection and Services

HDPL purchased and processed over 60,000 items worth \$1,176,937 in fiscal year 2009. In addition to purchased materials, HDPL continued to receive and process a large number of donated materials, including books, videos, music CDs and DVDs. The total cost of donations, if purchased, exceeded \$177,538. These donations were distributed to all of the HDPL libraries. These donations allowed HDPL to place an additional 10,050 items into the collection.

HDPL's total collection of over 450,000 volumes in books, recordings, documents, maps, videotapes, CDs, DVDs, CD-ROMs, audio books, and e-books is available to patrons in all five HDPL branches. HDPL makes an effort to collect the most current media available for the broadest scope of public access. The board has allocated an average of over 13 percent of the annual operating budget for collection development over the last five years.

HDPL's usage continues to increase. Circulation increased from 1,186,113 in fiscal year 2008 to 1,422,692 in fiscal year 2009. New library cards issued during the fiscal year increased from 21,736 in 2008 to 31,176 in 2009. A portion of the cards issued can be attributed to the registration of the Green Valley Library patrons into our library system.

#### **Major Initiatives**

- On January 1, 2009, HDPL assumed ownership of the Green Valley Library as per the interlocal agreement with the Las Vegas-Clark County Library District dated April 2005. This library was closed for a short time to allow for remodeling and re-opened to the public on April 27, 2009.
- HDPL opened the Galleria Library on February 23, 2009. The first of its kind in Southern Nevada, this library is located within the Galleria Mall. Although small, the Galleria Library is very popular and provides many programming opportunities.
- HDPL closed the Pittman Library, which was located in the Boys and Girls Club. The
  decision to close this library was made based on declining usage and declining revenues.
  Staff from this library were reassigned to the Galleria location.
- HDPL purchased 1.84 acres in the Lake Mead Crossing shopping center during FY09. This land will be the site of the relocated James I. Gibson Library. Architectural plans and initial planning were also completed in FY09, with construction of the library estimated to be completed in late spring of 2010.
- HDPL issued a \$2,075,000 medium term general obligation bond in March 2009. Proceeds from this bond were used to purchase the land mention above and for the remodeling of the Green Valley Library.

#### The Future

HDPL continues to work with the City of Henderson to provide library services to all areas of the City and to newly annexed areas as they are developed. In FY10, the district will begin implementing its Strategic Priorities for the next five years. Continued strain on revenue, due to poor national and local economic conditions, places greater priority on efficiency and program evaluation. It is anticipated that Henderson's population will grow slightly or remain static over the next year. To accommodate lower tax revenues, HDPL continues to make a strategic shift from large fixed buildings to a warehouse/outlet model. This shift in approach will allow HDPL to be more flexible in providing library services closer to our resident populations. The next phase of this strategic shift is evident with the hybrid Heritage Senior Center Library, which will open in FY10, and the Galleria mall branch, each of which has been developed with a retail look and feel. HDPL is actively seeking land in the east side of the city for a library branch that can bring "full" library services to the area. HDPL is seeking opportunities with the City of Henderson or private parties to locate a site. In upcoming years, HDPL seeks a transition to Automated Material Handling (AMH). This technology will allow automated check in of library materials district wide. This automation will ultimately save the district numerous staff hours and allow more productive use of staff time.

#### **Economic Growth**

#### **Local Economy**

Henderson continues to be ranked as one of the most tax-friendly cities as well as one of the best cities to "live and play" but our local economy has been significantly affected by the recession. Nevada has one of the highest foreclosure rates in the nation, unemployment rates are in the double digits, construction activity, both commercial and residential, has had a significant slowdown, and consumer spending is down.

In light of this, HDPL has implemented several cost saving approaches including a 45-day freeze on any vacant positions and reducing the library budgets by 15%. In addition, outreach services have been scaled back.

Although there have been signs that the national economy is slowly turning around, economists are projecting the local economy to take longer to recover, possibly as late as 2011. HDPL is prepared for this slow recovery. Management has already prepared additional cost savings to be implemented in 2011 if the local economy does not improve.

#### Long-term Financial Planning

Construction on the new building, in which the James I. Gibson Library will be relocated, began in early FY10. Original construction estimates were approximately \$4.7 million however, due to the recession, construction costs are significantly lower and the construction project was awarded for \$2.6 million. With the sale of the existing building to the City of Henderson for \$4 million, HDPL will realize a saving of over \$1 million. This savings, if necessary, will be used to supplement HDPL's future budgets.

HDPL is preparing for the legislative session beginning in February 2011. With the State of Nevada facing a \$2.4 billion shortfall, it is unknown what changes may be made to the existing tax distributions. Any changes may have a negative effect on the District.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

#### Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to HDPL for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. This was the ninth consecutive year that HDPL has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### Acknowledgements

The report preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire management staff, Finance Department staff and the staff of the independent auditors for HDPL, Kafoury, Armstrong & Co.

Thank you, the Board of Trustees, for your continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Henderson District Public Libraries in a responsible and progressive manner.

Cordially,

Thomas F. Fay Executive Director

Debra M. Englund Chief Financial Officer

Debra England

#### Library Officials

#### **Board of Trustees**

Colleen BellChairmanHerb HunterVice-ChairmanJohn SimmonsSecretaryRobyn CarrTrusteeRichard DerrickTrusteeTodd HaugeTrustee

#### **Administrative Staff**

Thomas F. Fay

Gayle M. Hornaday

Debra M. Englund

Sean M. Hill

Michelle L. Mazzanti

Executive Director

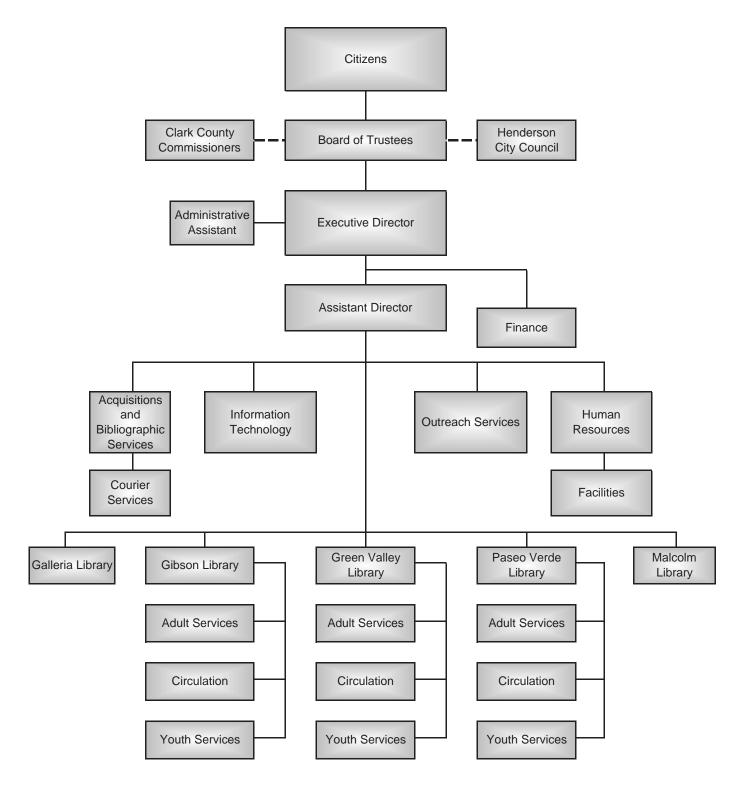
Assistant Director

Finance/Human Resources

Information Technology

Acquisitions & Bibliographic Services

Organizational Chart As of June 30, 2009



# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

#### Henderson District Public Libraries, Nevada

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2008

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



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President

Executive Director



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FINANCIAL SECTION





#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees of Henderson District Public Libraries Henderson, Nevada

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Henderson District Public Libraries as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise Henderson District Public Libraries' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of Henderson District Public Libraries. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Henderson District Public Libraries as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Contributions and Grants Special Revenue Fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated October 29, 2009 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Henderson District Public Libraries' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Kafowy, Armstrong & Co.

Reno, Nevada October 29, 2009

Henderson District Public Libraries' (HDPL) discussion and analysis is designed to, (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the HDPL's financial activities, (c) identify changes in the HDPL's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

We encourage readers to read this information in conjunction with the transmittal letter, financial statements and notes to gain a more complete picture of the information presented.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of HDPL exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2009 by \$21,388,656 (net assets). Of this amount, \$2,056,167 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet HDPL's ongoing obligations to patrons and creditors.
- HDPL's total net assets increased by \$8,868,127. See the section on Government-Wide Financial Analysis for details.
- At the end of fiscal year 2009, HDPL's governmental funds had combined fund balances of \$2,655,991, an increase of \$92,993 from the previous year. Approximately 99.3% of ending fund balances, or \$2,638,228, is available for spending at HDPL's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- As of June 30, 2009 unreserved fund balance in the General Fund was \$1,350,848 or 19.6% of General Fund expenditures.
- HDPL's total debt increased by \$1,801,325, or 84.8%. This was due to the issuance of \$2,075,000 in general obligation bonds for the remodel of the Green Valley Library and the land for the relocation of the James I. Gibson Library.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

HDPL's basic financial statements are comprised of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets combines and consolidates all of HDPL's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting. The end result is net assets that are segregated into two components: invested in capital assets, net of related debt and unrestricted net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of HDPL is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how HDPL's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a self-balancing set of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. HDPL uses fund accounting to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid in financial management. HDPL uses only the governmental fund category.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting, which focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

HDPL maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheets and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, the Contributions and Grants Fund, and the Capital Construction Fund, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining and individual statements and schedules elsewhere in the report.

HDPL adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its governmental funds. Budgetary comparisons for all funds have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements complement the financial statements by describing qualifying factors and changes throughout the fiscal year. The notes can be found on pages 11-25 of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of HDPL, assets exceed liabilities by \$21,388,656 at June 30, 2009.

#### **HDPL's Net Assets**

	Governmen	tal Ac	<u>ctivities</u>
	<u>2009</u>		2008
Assets:			
Current and other assets	\$ 6,684,178	\$	6,944,786
Capital assets	 22,617,689		12,082,647
Total assets	29,301,867		19,027,433
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	3,986,770		4,381,788
Long-term liabilities	 3,926,441		2,125,116
Total liabilities	 7,913,211		6,506,904
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	19,332,489		10,565,647
Unrestricted	 2,056,167		1,954,882
Total net assets	\$ 21,388,656	\$	12,520,529

The largest portion of HDPL's net assets (90.4%) reflects its investment in capital assets less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Capital assets consist of land, buildings, equipment, computer equipment, furniture, land improvements, leasehold improvements, vehicles and books. These assets are used to provide services to the patrons of HDPL and are not available for future spending.

The remaining portion of HDPL's net assets (9.6%) reflects unrestricted net assets that may be used to meet HDPL's ongoing obligations to patrons and creditors.

As of June 30, 2009, HDPL is able to report positive balances in both categories of net assets. The same held true for the previous fiscal year.

There was an increase of \$8,766,842 in net assets invested in capital assets net of related debt. This increase was primarily due to the transfer of the Green Valley Library building from Las Vegas-Clark County to HDPL and the purchase of 1.84 acres of land. See discussion on Capital Assets below for further explanations.

**HDPL's Changes in Net Assets** 

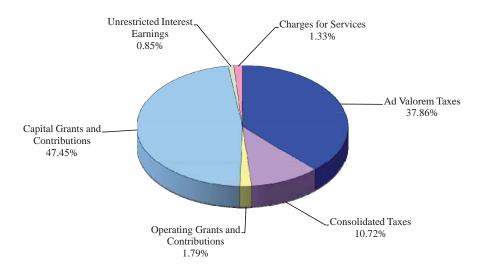
	Governmental Activities			
		2008		2007
Revenues:				
Program Revenues				
Charges for services	\$	228,371	\$	276,533
Operating grants and contributions		308,851		330,608
Capital grants and contributions		8,175,815		336,513
General Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes		6,525,240		5,972,802
Consolidated taxes		1,846,780		2,151,661
Unrestricted investment earnings		146,825		172,362
Total revenues		17,231,882		9,240,479
Expenses:				
Culture and recreation		8,313,183		7,840,936
Interest		50,572		60,570
Total expenses		8,363,755		7,901,506
Increase in net assets		8,868,127		1,338,973
Net assets, beginning of year		12,520,529		11,181,556
Net assets, end of year	\$	21,388,656	\$	12,520,529

HDPL's net assets increased by \$8,868,127 during the current fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Ad valorem taxes increased by \$552,438 or 9.3%, due in part to new construction, particularly
  the M Resort, and in part to a recovery from the Legislative cap placed on home values in
  the 2005 Legislative session.
- Consolidated taxes decreased by \$304,881, or 14.2%, due to the recession.
- Interest income decreased by \$25,537, or 14.8%, due a lower yield on investments.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$7,839,302, or 2329.6%, primarily due to the transfer of ownership of the Green Valley Library from Las Vegas-Clark County Library to HDPL.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$21,757, or 6.6%, due to normal variation in the types of grants received by HDPL.

• Culture and recreation expenses increased by \$472,247, or 6.0%, over the last fiscal year. A portion of this increase, \$311,693, is due to increased depreciation from the additional building and the enlarged materials collection associated with such building. The remaining portion of this increase, \$160,554, is mainly due to increased staffing for the Green Valley Library.

**Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities** 



#### **Fund Financial Analysis**

As of the end of the current fiscal year, HDPL's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,655,991, an increase of \$92,993 from fiscal year 2008. Of the 2009 ending fund balances, \$2,638,228, or 99.3%, constitutes unreserved fund balance and is available for spending at HDPL's discretion. The remainder of fund balances is reserved for prepaid expenditures.

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of HDPL. At the end of fiscal year 2009, the General Fund had an ending fund balance of \$1,357,231, of which \$1,350,848 was unreserved.

The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$484,625 during the current fiscal year. Key factors for this increase are as follows:

- Ad valorem taxes increased by \$552,438, or 9.3%, due in part to new construction, particularly the M Resort, and in part to a recovery from the Legislative cap placed on home values in the 2005 Legislative session.
- Consolidated taxes decreased by \$304,881, or 14.2%, due to the recession.
- Investment income decreased by \$18,014, or 30.6%, due to a lower yield on investments.

• Even though HDPL had increased staffing costs and operating costs associated with the operation of the Green Valley Library, HDPL was able to decrease total General Fund expenditures by \$40,699, or .6%. This decrease was due, in part, to the completion of payments to the Las Vegas-Clark County Library District for the operation of Green Valley Library. In FY09, this payment was for a partial year and totaled \$378,544, a reduction of \$189,859 from the previous fiscal year. The remaining decrease, \$122,435, was due primarily to a reduction in library materials spending.

#### Contributions and Grants Fund

The Contributions and Grants Fund has a fund balance of \$388,179 at the end of fiscal year 2009. This is an increase of \$85,836 over the previous fiscal year.

#### Capital Construction Fund

The Capital Construction Fund has a fund balance of \$312,658 at the end of fiscal year 2009, a decrease of \$960,999 from the previous fiscal year. This decrease was due primarily to the purchase of land, site improvements, and architectural costs for the new James I. Gibson Library building in the amount of \$2,168,528, the remodeling and furnishing of the Green Valley Library in the amount of \$890,245, and the Galleria Library in the amount of \$11,381. This was offset by a \$2,075,000 bond issuance to cover the land and remodeling costs.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original fiscal year 2009 budget was approved May 15, 2008. State regulations require budget controls to be exercised at the function level. Although function-level control is what is required, HDPL management exercises control at the object level.

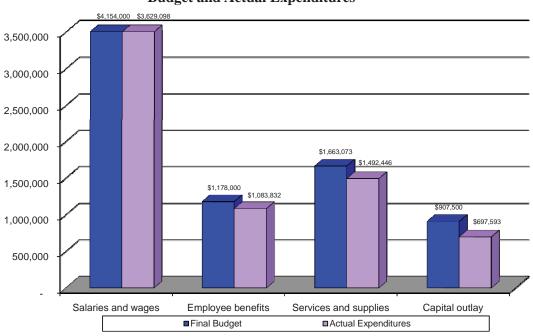
Pursuant to NRS 354.598005, HDPL may transfer appropriations between funds, if such a transfer does not increase the total appropriation for any fiscal year. HDPL did not do such an amendment in fiscal year 2009; therefore, the original budget is also the final budget.

The final budget projected ad valorem taxes and consolidated tax, which account for 98.1% of the District's total revenue, to be \$6,832,920 and \$2,149,510 respectively. Due to the recession that has severely affected the local housing market, actual tax revenues were much lower than projected. Ad valorem tax revenue came in at \$6,525,240, a decrease of \$307,680 or 4.5%. Consolidated tax revenues came in at \$1,846,780, a decrease of \$302,730 or 14.1%.

The District responded to the decrease in revenues by reducing expenditures. Actual expenditures were 87.4% of appropriations, or \$999,604 lower than the final budget. The main areas of savings are as follows:

- Salaries and wages were \$524,902 below the final budget. This was primarily due to the delay of hiring Green Valley Library staff. A 45-day hiring freeze before filling vacant positions also contributed to this savings.
- Employee benefits were \$94,168 below the final budget. This was also due primarily to the delay in hiring Green Valley Library staff.
- Services and supplies were \$170,627 below the final budget. This was due to a savings in electricity costs due to closing on Sundays and a savings in vehicle maintenance due to a reduced schedule for the bookmobile. Reductions in library supplies, programming supplies, honorariums, and travel and training costs also contributed to this savings.
- Capital outlay was \$209,907 below the final budget. This was due to Management's decision to reduce library materials purchases due to budget constraints.

The following table illustrates the total differences between the final budget and actual expenditures.



General Fund Budget and Actual Expenditures

#### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2009, HDPL had \$22,617,689 invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, books, computer equipment, equipment, furniture, land improvements, leasehold improvements and vehicles. This amount represents a net increase of \$10,535,042, or 87.2%, from last year. The following table reflects capital assets of HDPL at June 30, 2009 and 2008.

#### HDPL's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2008
Buildings	\$ 14,211,107	\$ 6,465,941
Books	5,379,075	4,762,793
Computer equipment	76,734	89,263
Construction in progress	155,443	-
Equipment	54,652	58,153
Furniture	110,015	77,169
Land	1,867,359	461,308
Land improvements	599,912	-
Leasehold improvements	7,474	7,075
Vehicles	155,918	160,945
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 22,617,689	\$ 12,082,647

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Buildings increased by 7,745,166. This is due to the transfer of ownership of the Green Valley Library from Las Vegas-Clark County Library District to HDPL.
- Books increased by \$616,282. This is due to HDPL's commitment to continually increase the availability and selection of library books and materials for its patrons.
- Furniture increased by \$32,846. This is due to the purchase of furniture for the Green Valley Library.
- Land increased by \$1,406,051. This is due to the purchase of land for the relocation of the Gibson Library.
- Land improvements increased by \$599,912. This is due to site improvements on the above mentioned land.
- Leasehold improvements increased by a net amount of \$399 due primarily to the remodeling of the leased Galleria Library, but was offset by the disposal of the Pittman Library leasehold improvements due to the cancellation of its lease.
- Vehicles decreased by \$5,027. This is due to depreciation on existing vehicles but is offset by the purchase of a SUV for the IT department.
- Computer equipment and equipment decreased by \$12,529 and \$3,501, respectively. This is due to continued depreciation on existing capital assets.

Additional information on HDPL's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

#### **Long-term Debt**

At the end of the current fiscal year, HDPL had \$3,926,441 in outstanding debt, \$389,000 of which was for a medium term general obligation refunding bond issued in 2003, \$821,200 of which was for a medium term general obligation note issued in 2004, \$2,075,000 of which was for a medium term general obligation bond issued during this fiscal year, and \$641,241 of which was for compensated absences.

Per NRS 379.0225, the debt limitation for HDPL is equal to 10 percent of the total assessed value of all taxable property. The debt limitation currently applicable to June 30, 2009 is \$1,665,582,080. HDPL's net general obligation bonded debt subject to the legal debt margin of \$3,285,200 was well below this legal limit.

Additional information on HDPL's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets**

- The unemployment rate for Clark County has steadily increased and is currently 12.3%, which is an increase from the 6.0% rate a year ago. The United States national average unemployment rate is 9.7% and the State's average unemployment rate is 12.1%.
- Businesses within Clark County reported taxable sales of \$2.45 billion, a 21.7% decrease from the previous year.

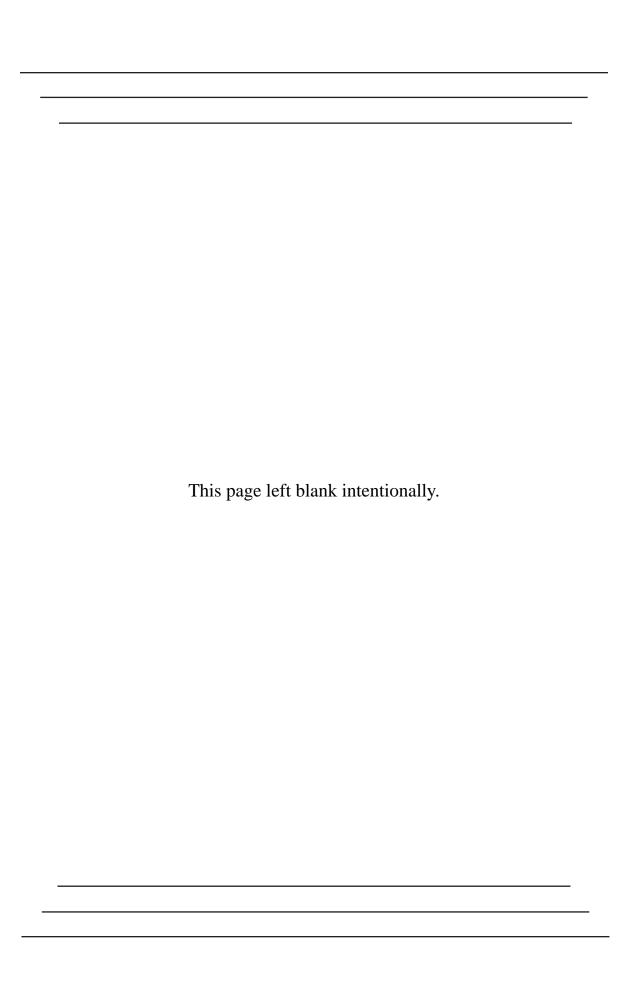
These factors were considered in preparing HDPL's budget for fiscal year 2010.

The unreserved fund balance in the General Fund increased 59.3% to \$1,350,848 from the prior year. HDPL has appropriated approximately \$600,000 of this amount for spending in fiscal year 2010. It is intended that this use of available fund balance will build fund balances in the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Construction Fund. It will also be used to pay for part of HDPL's technological enhancements.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide its users with a general overview of HDPL's finances and to show HDPL's accountability for the money it receives. Any questions, comments or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Henderson District Public Libraries Finance Department 280 South Green Valley Parkway Henderson, Nevada 89012





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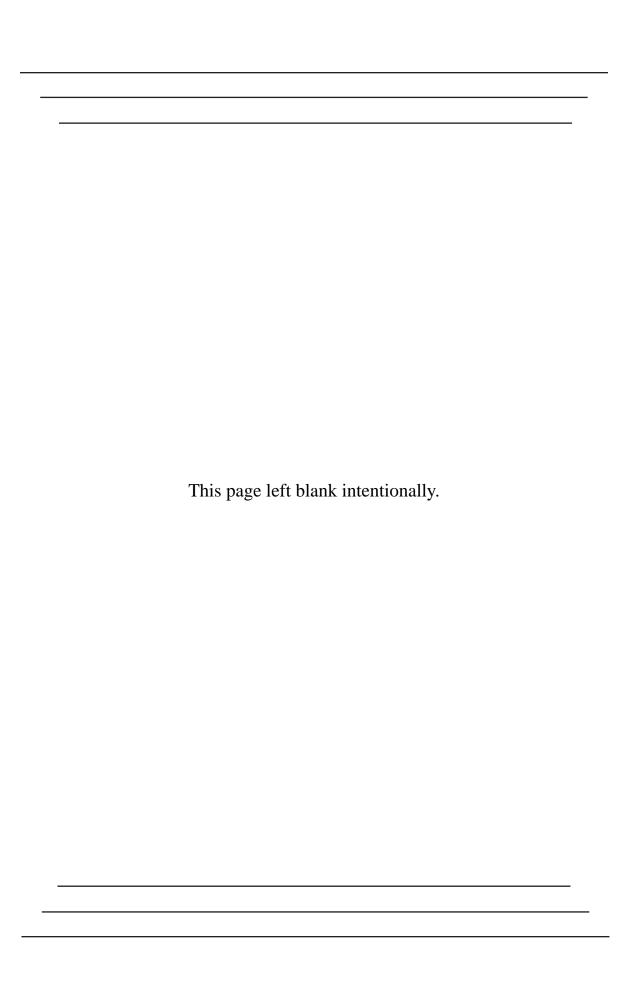
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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

		Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	6,241,121
Accounts receivable		60,910
Interest receivable		167
Due from other governments		324,376
Prepaids		17,763
Deferred charges		39,841
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation, where applicab	le):	
Land and Construction in progress		2,022,802
Property and equipment		15,215,812
Library books and materials		5,379,075
TOTAL ASSETS		29,301,867
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		253,319
Accrued payroll		233,451
Earnest money held		3,500,000
Non-current liabilities:		
Portion due or payable within one year:		
General obligation bonds		346,400
Compensated absences		340,660
Portion due or payable after one year:		
General obligation bonds		2,938,800
Compensated absences		300,581
TOTAL LIABILITIES		7,913,211
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		19,332,489
Unrestricted		2,056,167
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	21,388,656

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Net (Expense)

					Prog	Program Revenues	z <sub>n</sub>		CIIA	Assets
		Expenses	Ch	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Cap	Capital Grants and Contributions	Gov	Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS										
Governmental activities:	+		+		+		(		+	
Culture and recreation	∌	8,313,183	∌	228,371	∌	308,851	<del>⊘</del>	8,175,815	∌	399,854
Debt service:										
Interest on bonds		50,572				1		1		(50,572)
Total governmental activities \$	8	8,363,755	\$	228,371	\$	308,851	8	8,175,815		349,282

# General revenues:

Consolidated taxes Unrestricted investment earnings Total general revenues CHANGE IN NET ASSETS NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR
---

See notes to financial statements.

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2009

	General <u>Fund</u>	Contributions and Grants Eund	Capital Construction <u>Fund</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Govermental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,442,829	\$ 356,643	\$ 3,820,946	\$ 620,703	\$ 6,241,121
Accounts receivable	557	60,353	ı	1	60,910
Interest receivable	167	1	1	•	167
Due from other governments	324,376	1	1	1	324,376
Prepaids	6,383	969	1	10,684	17,763
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,774,312	\$ 417,692	\$ 3,820,946	\$ 631,387	\$ 6,644,337
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 183,630	\$ 27,937	\$ 8,288	\$ 33,464	\$ 253,319
Deferred revenue	1	1,576	ı	1	1,576
Accrued payroll	233,451	1	1	1	233,451
Earnest money held	1	1	3,500,000	1	3,500,000
Total liabilities	417,081	29,513	3,508,288	33,464	3,988,346
Fund balances:					
Reserved:					
Reserved for prepaids	6,383	969	ı	10,684	17,763
Unreserved, reported in:					
General Fund	1,350,848	1	ı	1	1,350,848
Special Revenue Funds	ı	387,483	ı	59,385	446,868
Debt Service Fund	1	1	1	319,748	319,748
Capital Projects Funds	1	1	312,658	208,106	520,764
Total fund balances	1,357,231	388,179	312,658	597,923	2,655,991
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,774,312	\$ 417,692	\$ 3,820,946	\$ 631,387	\$ 6,644,337

See notes to financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	2,655,991
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Governmental capital assets  Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 31,125,935 (8,508,246)		
Boss. Recalitated depreciation	(0,300,210)	•	22,617,689
Other assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Bond costs - deferred charges  Less: Current year amortization  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	40,863 (1,022)		39,841 1,576
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Bonds payable and notes payable  Compensated absences	(3,285,200) (641,241)		(3,926,441)
Net Assets - Governmental Activities		\$	21,388,656

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	General <u>Fund</u>	Contributions and Grants <u>Fund</u>	Capital Construction <u>Fund</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem	\$ 6,525,240	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,525,240
Intergovernmental:					
Consolidated tax	1,846,780	-	-	-	1,846,780
Grants, federal and state	-	98,292	-	-	98,292
Grants, local	-	10,924	-	-	10,924
Miscellaneous:					
Fines and forfeits	128,247	-	-	-	128,247
Contributions from private sources	-	216,341	-	-	216,341
Investment income	40,945	8,888	84,449	12,543	146,825
Other	33,802	66,322			100,124
Total revenues	8,575,014	400,767	84,449	12,543	9,072,773
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Culture and recreation:					
Salaries and wages	3,629,098	-	-	-	3,629,098
Employee benefits	1,083,832	-	-	-	1,083,832
Services and supplies	1,492,446	184,005	255,703	284,205	2,216,359
Capital outlay	697,593	130,926	2,864,745	74,555	3,767,819
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	306,800	306,800
Interest on bonds	-	-	-	50,572	50,572
Administrative and other costs				300	300
Total expenditures	6,902,969	314,931	3,120,448	716,432	11,054,780
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,672,045	85,836	(3,035,999)	(703,889)	(1,982,007)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	-	-	-	1,187,420	1,187,420
Transfers out	(1,187,420)	-	-	-	(1,187,420)
Debt issuance			2,075,000		2,075,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,187,420)		2,075,000	1,187,420	2,075,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	484,625	85,836	(960,999)	483,531	92,993
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	872,606	302,343	1,273,657	114,392	2,562,998
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,357,231	\$ 388,179	\$ 312,658	\$ 597,923	\$ 2,655,991

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Net change in Fund Balances - Government Funds		\$	92,993
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures and the proceeds			
from the sale of assets as other financing sources. However, in the statement			
of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimate useful			
lives and only the gain or loss is recorded when assets are sold.			
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 3,767,819		
Loss on disposition of assets	(8,417)		
Less: Current year depreciation	(1,333,143)		
			2,426,259
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial			
resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.			
Change in deferred revenue	1,576		
Donated capital assets	8,108,783		
			8,110,359
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the			
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long term debt			
consumes the current financial resources of the governmental fund. Neither			
transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net			
effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Issuance of general obligation bond	(2,075,000)		
Bond issuance costs	40,863		
Repayment of bond principal	306,800		
		(	1,727,337)
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of			
current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the			
governmental funds.			
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(1,022)		
Change in long-term compensated absences	(33,125)		
			(34,147)
Change in Net Assets - Governmental Activities		\$	8,868,127

#### GENERAL FUND

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Variance with <u>Final Budget</u>	
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Ad valorem	\$	6,832,920	\$	6,832,920	\$	6,525,240	\$	(307,680)
Intergovernmental:								
Consolidated tax		2,149,510		2,149,510		1,846,780		(302,730)
Miscellaneous:								
Fines and forfeits		119,500		119,500		128,247		8,747
Investment income		20,000		20,000		40,945		20,945
Other		35,000		35,000		33,802		(1,198)
Total revenues		9,156,930		9,156,930		8,575,014		(581,916)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Culture and recreation:								
Salaries and wages		4,154,000		4,154,000		3,629,098		524,902
Employee benefits		1,178,000		1,178,000		1,083,832		94,168
Services and supplies		1,663,073		1,663,073		1,492,446		170,627
Capital outlay		907,500		907,500		697,593		209,907
Total expenditures		7,902,573		7,902,573		6,902,969		999,604
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		1,254,357		1,254,357		1,672,045		417,688
OTHER FINANCING USES:								
Transfers out		(1,187,420)		(1,187,420)		(1,187,420)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		66,937		66,937		484,625		417,688
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		783,063		783,063		872,606		89,543
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	850,000	\$	850,000	\$	1,357,231	\$	507,231

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CONTRIBUTIONS AND GRANTS FUND

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		Actual  Amounts		iance with
REVENUES:	-		-				
Intergovernmental:							
Grants, federal and state	\$	92,517	\$	132,172	\$	98,292	\$ (33,880)
Grants, local		-		12,500		10,924	(1,576)
Miscellaneous:							
Contributions from private sources		47,700		189,225		216,341	27,116
Investment income		10,000		10,000		8,888	(1,112)
Other		134,200		134,200		66,322	 (67,878)
Total revenues	284,417		478,097			400,767	(77,330)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Culture and recreation:							
Services and supplies		202,770		228,136		184,005	44,131
Capital outlay		250,051		276,840		130,926	 145,914
Total expenditures		452,821		504,976		314,931	190,045
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(168,404)		(26,879)		85,836	112,715
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(168,404)		(26,879)		85,836	112,715
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		263,050		263,050		302,343	 39,293
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	94,646	\$	236,171	\$	388,179	\$ 152,008

See notes to financial statements.

### **NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

### A. Reporting Entity

The Henderson District Public Libraries (HDPL) was established and operates as an independent governmental unit under authority of Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) Chapter 379. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees. Five of the Board members are appointed to four-year terms by the Board of County Commissioners of Clark County, Nevada. The other two Board members are appointed to three-year terms by the City of Henderson Council. The Board of Trustees is responsible for establishing policy and overall operations of HDPL maintained within the District's boundaries. HDPL currently operates five libraries – the Galleria Library, the James I. Gibson Library, the Green Valley Library, the Lydia Malcolm Library, and the Paseo Verde Library.

HDPL is not considered a component unit of any other governmental unit under criteria established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" and does not engage in any business-type activities.

### **B.** Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of HDPL. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Services provided by the General Fund to other funds are reported as expenditures in the funds receiving the services and as reductions of expenditures in the General Fund. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function. Program revenues include 1) fees, fines, and charges paid by recipients of goods or services offered by a given program and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The fund financial statements provide information about HDPL's funds. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. During fiscal year 2009, HDPL used only the governmental fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on the major governmental funds, which are each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

### **NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and *the accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current *financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered *measurable* when the amount of the transaction can be determined and *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, HDPL considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when the related liabilities are incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due (or when payment is made).

Property taxes, consolidated tax revenue (sales taxes, cigarette taxes, motor vehicle privilege taxes and liquor taxes), interest associated with the current fiscal period, and federal, state and local grants are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Charges for services, fines and contributions are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes become due to the extent they are collected during the fiscal year or soon enough thereafter that they can be used to finance current period expenditures (no later than 60 days after year-end).

### **NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

HDPL reports deferred revenue in the fund financial statements balance sheets. Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenues are recognized.

HDPL reports three major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is HDPL's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources and costs associated with the general government, except those that are required to be accounted for in other funds.

The **Contributions and Grants Fund** is used to account for donations, grants, and other non-tax related resources and expenditures separate from the tax based revenues and general operating expenditures.

The **Capital Construction Fund** is used to account for the cost of construction, purchases, modernization, or furnishing of libraries, buildings, or sites.

### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

### 1. Cash and Investments

HDPL maintains three checking accounts, a sweep account and invests resources with an investment firm. HDPL pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash and maximize investment earning potential. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable.

Cash and cash equivalents include currency on hand, demand deposits with banks and other highly liquid investments, with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, which are readily convertible to cash.

As more fully described in Note 3, state statutes authorize HDPL to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain farm loan bonds, certain securities issued by Nevada local governments, repurchase agreements, banker's acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit and money market mutual funds. All investments are stated at fair value.

### **NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### 2. Property Taxes

Taxes on real property are levied based on the assessed valuations as of January 1<sup>st</sup> of each year. A lien is placed on the property on July 1<sup>st</sup> of each year, and the taxes are due on the third Monday in August. The taxes can be paid in four installments on or before the third Monday in August and the first Mondays in October, January and March. In the event of nonpayment, the County Treasurer is authorized to hold the property for two years, subject to redemption upon payment of taxes, penalties and costs, together with interest from the date the taxes were due until paid. If delinquent taxes are not paid within the two-year redemption period, the County Treasurer obtains a deed to the property free of all encumbrances. Upon receipt of deed, the County Treasurer may sell the property to satisfy the tax lien.

### 3. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined as those assets with an initial cost of \$2,500 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Library books and materials purchased throughout the fiscal year are combined together as one item and considered a capital asset. All purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Book deletions are computed using the average cost per book, as determined from the purchases over a period of years. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Buildings	30 years
Books	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Equipment	5 years
Furniture	7 years
Land improvements	20 years
Leasehold improvement	20 years
Vehicles	5 years

### **NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### 4. Compensated Absences

It is HDPL's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick and compensatory time benefits, subject to cap limits. All vacation, sick and compensatory time leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. In governmental funds, the current portion of compensated absences, vacation leave, sick leave and compensatory time actually paid or accrued as a result of employees who have terminated, is recorded as a payroll expenditure.

### 5. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, if material. For current and advance refundings resulting in defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized, if material, as a component of interest expense using the straight-line method. Issuance costs, if material, are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related bond.

In governmental funds, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of bonds issued is reported as other financing sources, as are bond premiums. Bond discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### 6. Equity Classifications

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in two components:

a. Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bond, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets

### **NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

b. Unrestricted Net Assets – Consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

In fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified into reserved and unreserved. Reservations of fund balance consist of amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designation of fund balance represents tentative management plans that are subject to change.

### **NOTE 2 – Compliance and Accountability**

### A. Budgetary Information

HDPL adheres to the Local Government Budget and Finance Act, incorporated within the statutes of the State of Nevada, which includes the following major procedures to establish the budgetary data that is reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. On or before April 15, the Library Board of Trustees files a tentative budget with the Nevada Department of Taxation.
- 2. Public hearings on the tentative budget are held during the third week in May.
- 3. Prior to June 1, at a public hearing, the Board indicates changes, if any, to be made to the tentative budget and adopts a final budget by the favorable vote of a majority of the members of the Board.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration in the financial records is employed to enhance management control during the year.
- 5. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and appropriations lapse at year end.
- 6. Statutory regulations require budget controls to be exercised at the function level. Management is authorized to transfer budget amounts between functions or funds if amounts do not exceed total appropriations and the Board of Trustees is notified at the next regular meeting.

### **NOTE 2 – Compliance and Accountability (continued)**

- 7. Budget augmentations in excess of original budgetary amounts may not be made without prior approval of the Board of Trustees following a public hearing. Such augmentations become effective upon receipt of such resolution by the Nevada Department of Taxation. Various supplemental appropriations were approved during the year to reflect necessary changes in spending and the corresponding additional resources available.
- 8. In accordance with Statute, actual expenditures may not exceed appropriations in the various functions of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and the Capital Projects Funds.

### **B.** Compliance with Nevada Revised Statutes

Henderson District Public Libraries conformed to all significant statutory constraints on its financial administration during this year.

### **NOTE 3 – Cash and Investments**

The following summarizes HDPL's cash and investment balances at of June 30, 2009:

Cash and investments:

Petty cash	\$	3,250
Cash in financial institutions		359,545
Investments		5,878,326

Total cash and investments  $\frac{6,241,121}{}$ 

State statutes govern HDPL's deposit options. HDPL monies must be deposited in insured banks, credit unions, or savings and loan associations. HDPL is authorized to use demand accounts, time accounts and certificates of deposit.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2009, the recorded amount of HDPL's deposits was \$359,545 and the bank balances were \$466,439. Of the bank statement balances, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$216,439 was covered by collateral held by HDPL's agent in HDPL's name.

### **NOTE 3 – Cash and Investments (continued)**

HDPL invests through pooling of monies. The pooling of monies is theoretically invested on the whole and not as a combination of monies from each fund belonging to the pool. In this manner, HDPL's Chief Financial Officer is able in invest the monies at a higher interest rate for a longer period of time. Interest revenue is apportioned annually to each fund in the pool based on the average cash balance of the fund for each month. HDPL's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Investments made by the Chief Financial Officer are regulated by Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS 355.170).

NRS 355.170 sets forth acceptable investments for Nevada local governments. HDPL has not adopted a formal investment policy that would limit its investment choices nor limit its exposure to certain risks beyond that set forth in the statutes.

The following table identifies the investment types and minimum credit ratings authorized for HDPL by NRS 355.170:

		Maximum	Maximum		
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment	Minimur	n Ratings
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer	S & P	Moody
Banker's Acceptances	180	20%	5%	A-1	P-1
Commercial Paper	270 days	20%	None	A-1	P-1
Money Market Mutual Funds	None	None	None	AAA	Aaa
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	None	None	None	n/a	n/a
Collateralized Nonnegotiable Certificates of	None	None	None	n/a	n/a
Deposit					
Negotiable notes/medium-term obligations of	5 years	None	None	n/a	n/a
local government of the State of Nevada					
Repurchase Agreements	90 days	None	10%	n/a	n/a
U.S. Treasury Obligations	10 years	None	None	n/a	n/a
U.S. Agency Securities:					
Federal National Mortgage Association	10 years	None	None	n/a	n/a
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	10 years	None	None	n/a	n/a
Federal Farm Credit Bank	10 years	None	None	n/a	n/a
Federal Home Loan Bank	10 years	None	None	n/a	n/a
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	10 years	None	None	n/a	n/a
Government National Mortgage	10 years	None	None	n/a	n/a
Local Government Investment Pool	None	None	None	n/a	n/a

### **NOTE 3 – Cash and Investments (continued)**

As of June 30, 2009, HDPL had the following investments and maturities:

Pooled Investments:	Interest Rates	Par	Cost	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
BNY Mellon Money Market Fund	0.5%	\$ 805,031	\$ 805,031	\$ 805,031	
Federal Home Loan Bank Disc Note	2.8%	500,000	487,881	499,950	0.08
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp Disc	0.6%	500,000	497,623	499,100	0.53
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	1.5%-2.8%	1,000,000	1,011,500	1,011,780	1.25
Federal National Mortgage	2.70%	500,000	487,625	499,900	0.14
US Treasury Bill	0.1%	2,000,000	1,999,826	1,999,810	0.07
US Treasury Inflation Indexed Note	0.9%	562,755	560,405	562,755	0.79
<b>Total Pooled Investments</b>			\$ 5,849,891	\$ 5,878,326	0.10

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk of possible reduction in the value of a security, especially a bond, resulting from a rise in interest rates. HDPL does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates beyond those specified in the statutes.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation and is a function of the credit quality rating of investments. State statutes require governmental agencies to invest in instruments that inherently have low credit risk, as evidenced by the table on page 18. HDPL has no formal investment policy that further limits investments in a single issuer.

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution and concentration of credit risk by investment type as a percentage of the pool:

			% of
	S & P	Moody's	Portfolio
Investments			
BNY Mellon Money Market Fund	n/a	n/a	10.50%
Federal Home Loan Bank Disc Note	n/a	n/a	8.82%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp Disc	n/a	n/a	8.80%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	AAA	Aaa	17.85%
Federal National Mortgage	n/a	n/a	8.82%
US Treasury Bill	AAA	Aaa	35.28%
US Treasury Inflation Indexed Note	AAA	Aaa	9.93%
Total investments			100.00%

### **NOTE 3 – Cash and Investments (continued)**

<u>Custodial Credit Risk:</u> For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, HDPL will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, HDPL's investment pool and specific investments had no securities exposed to custodial credit risk.

### **NOTE 4 – Capital Assets**

The following schedule summarizes the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2009:

### **Governmental Activities:**

	Balance July 1, 2008 Additions				Deletions			Balance une 30, 2009
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Construction in progress	\$	-	\$	155,443	\$	-	\$	155,443
Land		461,308		1,406,051		-		1,867,359
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:		461,308		1,561,494		-		2,022,802
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		9,208,396		8,190,686		(4,533)		17,394,549
Books		8,683,518		1,354,475		(319,097)		9,718,896
Computer equipment		446,683		39,995		-		486,678
Equipment		85,669		12,310		-		97,979
Furniture		451,402		79,589		(1,676)		529,315
Land improvements		-		599,912		-		599,912
Leasehold improvements		7,973		7,634		(7,973)		7,634
Vehicles		237,663		30,507		-		268,170
Total capital assets, being depreciated		19,121,304		10,315,108		(333,279)		29,103,133
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(2,742,455)		(443,847)		2,860		(3,183,442)
Books		(3,920,725)		(738,193)		319,097		(4,339,821)
Computer equipment		(357,420)		(52,524)		-		(409,944)
Equipment		(27,516)		(15,811)		-		(43,327)
Furniture		(374,233)		(46,743)		1,676		(419,300)
Land improvements		-		-		-		-
Leasehold improvements		(898)		(491)		1,229		(160)
Vehicles		(76,718)		(35,534)		-		(112,252)
Total accumulated depreciation		(7,499,965)		(1,333,143)		324,862		(8,508,246)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		11,621,339		8,981,965		(8,417)		20,594,887
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	12,082,647	\$	10,543,459	\$	(8,417)	\$	22,617,689

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

### **Governmental Activities:**

Culture and recreation \$ 1,333,143

### **NOTE 5 – Long-Term Debt**

### A. Changes to Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt, other than compensated absences, is used to construct, maintain, and equip library facilities. The following schedule summarizes the changes in long-term debt:

		ance 1, 2008	Additi	ions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2009	Due in 2009-2010
General Obligation Bonds: Series 2003, Medium term refunding bond - \$1,431,000, due in annual installments beginning 2004 through July 1, 2011; interest at			ф		¢ (107,000)	¢ 200,000	
3.05%.	\$ 5	76,000	\$	-	\$ (187,000)	\$ 389,000	\$ 192,000
Series 2009, Medium term bond - \$2,075,000, due in semi-annual installments beginning 2009 through December 1, 2018; interest at 3.50%.		-	2,075	5,000	_	2,075,000	30,000
General Obligation Note: 2004, Medium term note - \$1,274,500, due in annual installments beginning 2005 through November 1, 2014;							
interest at 3.75%.		41,000		-	(119,800)	821,200	124,400
Compensated absences	6	08,116	359	,672	(326,547)	641,241	340,660
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 2,1	25,116	\$ 2,434	,672	\$ (633,347)	\$ 3,926,441	\$ 687,060

### **NOTE 5 – Long-Term Debt (continued)**

### **B.** Payment Requirements for Debt Service

The liability of the general obligation bonds and note will be liquidated by the Debt Service Fund and the liability of compensated absences will be liquidated by the General Fund. The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on the bonds and note outstanding at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$ 346,400	\$ 126,004	\$ 472,404
2011	356,100	101,030	457,130
2012	306,500	87,805	394,305
2013	317,600	76,594	394,194
2014	329,300	64,975	394,275
2015-2019	1,629,300	144,652	1,773,952
Totals	\$ 3,285,200	\$ 601,060	\$ 3,886,260

### **NOTE 6 – Interfund Activity**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2009 consisted of the following:

_	Transfers in						
_	Nonmajor						
	Governmental						
	Funds						
Transfers out:							
General Fund	\$	1,187,420					
Total	\$	1,187,420					

Transfers are made to move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

### **NOTE 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

Plan Description: All HDPL employees who work at least half-time are covered by the Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS), a cost sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit plan administered by the PERS. All full-time employees are mandated by state law to participate in PERS. HDPL employees have a choice as to whether to be enrolled under a non-contributory plan where no benefits are payable unless they reach the vesting period of five years or a contributory plan where employee contributions are refunded to the employee if they do not reach their vesting period. PERS provides retirement benefits, disability benefits and death benefits, including annual cost of living adjustments, to plan members and their beneficiaries. Chapter 286 of the Nevada Revised Statutes establishes the benefit provisions provided to the participants of PERS. These benefit provisions may only be amended through legislation. PERS issues a publicly available financial report, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada, 693 West Nye Lane, Carson City, Nevada 89703-1599 or by calling (775) 687-4200.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: Plan members electing the non-contributory plan are funded under a plan whereby HDPL is required to contribute all amounts due under the plan. Plan members electing the contributory plan are funded under a plan whereby HDPL is required to contribute one-half the amounts due under the plan and the employee contributes the other half due. The contribution requirements are established by Chapter 286 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, which requires adjustments on each odd numbered year based on the actuarially determined contribution rate indicated in the biennial actuarial valuation. HDPL's contribution rates and the amounts contributed (equal to the required contributions) for the last three years are as follows:

	Non-Con	tribu	tory Plan	Contributory Plan					
	Regular			Regular		_		Total	
Fiscal Year	Member	Contribution		Member	ember Contribution		Contributio		
			_					_	
2008-09	20.50%	\$	558,501	10.50%	\$	40,188	\$	598,689	
2007-08	20.50%		521,109	10.50%		52,939		574,048	
2006-07	19.75%		428,798	10.50%		63,277		492,075	

### **NOTE 8 – Post-Employment Benefits**

In accordance with Nevada Revised Statutes 287.023, HDPL adopted the State of Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Program. Employees who retired prior to September 1, 2008 are eligible for payment by HDPL of a portion of their health benefit premiums upon retirement, based upon years of service to a maximum of 100% after 20 years of service. Payments per retiree range between \$34 and \$379 a month. Retirees are offered medical, prescription, vision, and life insurance benefits for themselves and their dependents. Retirees must pay the full premium for their dependents. During the current fiscal year, HDPL paid \$17,051 for ten eligible participants. Currently, HDPL finances the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Employees who retire after September 1, 2008 are eligible for continued medical, prescription, vision, dental and life insurance benefits for themselves and their dependents. These benefits are administered by Clark County and the cost is the responsibility of the retiree. To qualify for this coverage, the employee must be enrolled in the Public Employees Retirement System and be receiving retirement payments.

### **NOTE 9 – Risk Management**

HDPL is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions. HDPL participates in Clark County, Nevada's insurance program to provide health insurance coverage for its employees. HDPL carries insurance policies for liability, fire, theft, auto, inland marine, workers compensation and Directors and Officers coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### **NOTE 10 – Contracts**

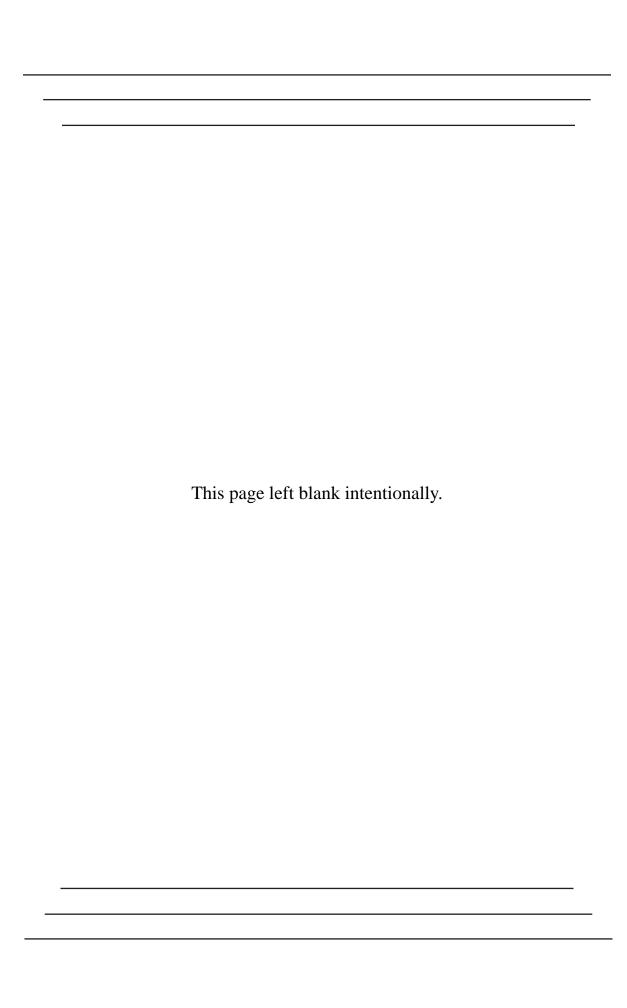
HDPL continued the interlocal agreement with the City of Henderson (the City) whereby the City provides landscape and building maintenance for the James I. Gibson Public Library. These services are to be provided to HDPL at cost, as determined on a monthly basis. This agreement also provides for assistance in updating or revising the HDPL master plan. These services are to be provided at no cost to HDPL. In addition, this agreement provides for the appointment of two members of the Board of Trustees by the Henderson City Council. The original term of the interlocal agreement was six years, ending on June 30, 2007. On June 21, 2007, this agreement was renegotiated for another six years and will terminate on June 30, 2013 unless renewed for an additional six years by mutual agreement of both parties.

### **NOTE 10 – Contracts (continued)**

HDPL continued the following leases with the City of Henderson:

- HDPL leased 4.36 acres of the land on which the Paseo Verde Library is located for a period of 50 years, commencing May 16, 2000. The leased land is provided to HDPL at the nominal sum of \$1 per year in exchange for other considerations, such as payment of all utilities and janitorial services. This lease is renewable for an additional period of 48 years, unless cancelled by HDPL.
- HDPL leased 4.06 acres of land on which the James I. Gibson Library is located for a period of 99 years, commencing April 22, 1986. On December 18, 2007, the Board of Trustees entered into an agreement with the City of Henderson to cancel this lease and sell the existing building to the City. Per the agreement, the lease will remain in effect until the District transfers possession of the building to the City. The transfer will occur upon completion of a new building in which the Gibson library services will be relocated. Construction is anticipated to be complete by May 2010. In consideration, the District is receiving \$2,000,000 for the early termination and \$2,000,000 for the purchase of the building. Earnest money of \$3,000,000 was received in April 2008 and \$500,000 was received in June 2009. The remaining amount will be distributed to the District upon transfer of the building's ownership.

HDPL entered into an 8-month, rent free lease with Forest City Commercial Management for a 1,342 square feet retail facility in the Galleria at Sunset Shopping Center. This facility was remodeled and opened as the Galleria Library in February 2009. Upon expiration of this lease on August 31, 2009, HDPL will continue leasing the space on a year-to-year basis. Terms for the first renewal will be \$1,342/month, including CAM charges.





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## GOVERNMENTAL EXPLORE FUNDS

## READ

### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Extraordinary Maintenance Fund - To account for the costs of capital projects undertaken not more frequently than once every five years to maintain library facilities and equipment in fit operating condition.

### NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Fund - To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources.

### MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Construction Fund - To account for the cost of construction, purchases, modernization or furnishing of library buildings or sites.

### NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Technology Fund - To account for the costs of technological equipment and improvements.



### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Fund - Extraordinary Maintenance <u>Fund</u>		,	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects Fund - Capital Technology <u>Fund</u>		Total onmajor <u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	50 205	\$	210 749	\$	241 570	\$	620.702
Prepaids	<u> </u>	59,385		319,748		241,570 10,684	<u> </u>	620,703 10,684
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	59,385	\$	319,748	\$	252,254	\$	631,387
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$		\$	-	\$	33,464	\$	33,464
Fund balances								
Reserved: Reserved for prepaids Unreserved:		-		-		10,684		10,684
Designated for extraordinary maintenance		59,385		-		-		59,385
Designated for capital technology		-		319,748		208,106		527,854
Total fund balances		59,385		319,748	. <u> </u>	218,790		597,923
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	59,385	\$	319,748	\$	252,254	\$	631,387

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Rever Extra Mai	Special nue Fund - aordinary intenance <u>Fund</u>	;	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Proj	Capital jects Fund - Capital chnology <u>Fund</u>	N	Total onmajor <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES:								
Miscellaneous:								
Investment income	\$	1,468	\$	-	\$	11,075	\$	12,543
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Culture and recreation:								
Services and supplies		-		-		284,205		284,205
Capital outlay		-		-		74,555		74,555
Debt service:								
Principal		-		306,800		-		306,800
Interest on bonds		-		50,572		-		50,572
Administrative and other charges		-		300		-		300
Total expenditures				357,672		358,760		716,432
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,468		(357,672)		(347,685)		(703,889)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers in		-		677,420		510,000		1,187,420
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,468		319,748		162,315		483,531
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		57,917		_		56,475		114,392
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	59,385	\$	319,748	\$	218,790	\$	597,923

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EXTRAORDINARY MAINTENANCE FUND

	Final Budget	 Actual mounts	ance with
REVENUES:	<del></del>		
Miscellaneous:			
Investment income	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,468	\$ (532)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Culture and recreation:			
Services and supplies	12,500	-	12,500
Capital outlay	 13,000	-	 13,000
Total expenditures	25,500	-	25,500
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(23,500)	1,468	24,968
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	52,174	57,917	5,743
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 28,674	\$ 59,385	\$ 30,711

### **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

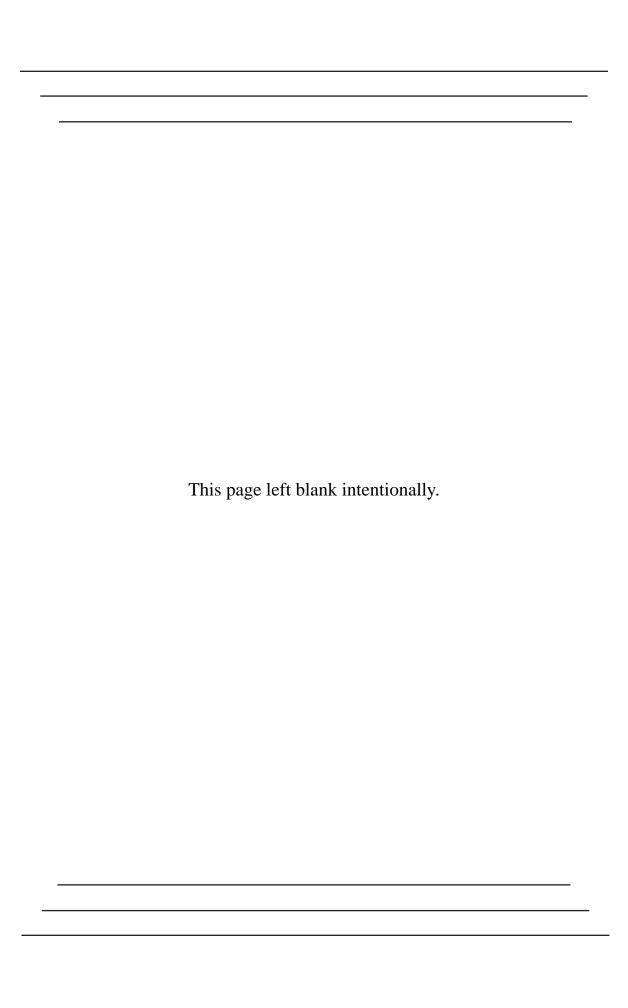
	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget
EXPENDITURES:			
Debt Service:			
Principal	\$ 306,800	\$ 306,800	\$ -
Interest on bonds	91,209	50,572	40,637
Fiscal agent charges	300	300	
Total expenditures	398,309	357,672	40,637
(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(398,309)	(357,672)	40,637
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:			
Transfers in	677,420	677,420	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	279,111	319,748	40,637
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 279,111	\$ 319,748	\$ 40,637

### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION FUND

	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:			
Miscellaneous:			
Investment income	\$ 37,500	\$ 84,449	\$ 46,949
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Culture and recreation:			
Services and supplies	496,500	255,703	240,797
Capital outlay	5,805,650	2,864,745	2,940,905
Total expenditures	6,302,150	3,120,448	3,181,702
(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(6,264,650)	(3,035,999)	3,228,651
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,000,000	-	(1,000,000)
Debt issuance	2,030,000	2,075,000	45,000
Total other financing sources	3,030,000	2,075,000	(955,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,234,650)	(960,999)	2,273,651
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,240,667	1,273,657	(2,967,010)
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,006,017	\$ 312,658	\$ (693,359)

### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - CAPITAL TECHNOLOGY FUND

	Fina <u>Budg</u>		_	Actual mounts		ance with
REVENUES:						
Miscellaneous:						
Investment income	\$ 1	1,000	\$	11,075	\$	75
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Culture and recreation:						
Services and supplies	47	2,100		284,205		187,895
Capital outlay	8	0,000		74,555	_	5,445
Total expenditures	55	2,100		358,760		193,340
(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(54	1,100)		(347,685)		193,415
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:						
Transfers in	51	0,000		510,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3	1,100)		162,315		193,415
	,					
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		6,624		56,475		9,851
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 1:	5,524	\$	218,790	\$	203,266



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## STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of HDPL's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about HDPL's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	PAGE
FINANCIAL TRENDS  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how HDPL's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	32-35
REVENUE CAPACITY  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting HDPL's ability to generate its property taxes.	36-39
DEBT CAPACITY  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of HDPL's current levels of outstanding debt and HDPL's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	40-42
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environments within which HDPL's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	43-44
OPERATING INFORMATION  These schedules contain information about HDPL's operations and resources to help the reader understand how HDPL's financial information relates to the services HDPL provides and the activities it performs.	45-49

SOURCES: Unless otherwised noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year. HDPL implemented Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning that fiscal year.



### Government-wide Net Assets by Components Last Seven Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

### **Governmental activities**

Invested in capital assets, net of related

Fiscal Year	debt	Unrestricted	Total
2003	\$ 7,864,247	\$ 558,230	\$ 8,422,477
2004	8,054,047	535,057	8,589,104
2005	8,220,245	784,908	9,005,153
2006	8,574,248	1,394,646	9,968,894
2007	9,319,993	1,861,563	11,181,556
2008	10,565,647	1,954,882	12,520,529
2009	19,332,489	2,056,167	21,388,656

Note: In 2003, the District implemented GASB Statement 34 and began the annual process of calculating government-wide

Changes in Net Assets, Last Seven Fiscal Years <sup>1</sup> (accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year			
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Expenses							
Governmental activities:							
Culture and recreation	\$ 4,885,988	\$ 5,110,324	\$ 5,655,168	\$ 6,453,879	\$ 7,170,483	\$ 7,840,936	\$ 8,313,183
Debt service:							
Interest on long-term debt	70,778	50,314	62,632	79,471	70,127	60,570	50,572
Administrative and other costs	17,924	ı	ı	1	ı	1	ı
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 4,974,690	\$ 5,160,638	\$ 5,717,800	\$ 6,533,350	\$ 7,240,610	\$ 7,901,506	\$ 8,363,755
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services	\$ 85,603	\$ 107,585	\$ 198,628	\$ 236,238	\$ 287,630	\$ 276,533	\$ 228,371
Operating grants and contributions	227,558	136,963	96,118	108,809	128,155	330,608	308,851
Capital grants and contributions	1	111,642	137,017	171,110	276,323	336,513	8,175,815
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 313,161	\$ 356,190	\$ 431,763	\$ 516,157	\$ 692,108	\$ 943,654	\$ 8,713,037
Net (Expense)/Revenue, governmental activities	\$ (4,661,529)	\$ (4,804,448)	\$ (5,286,037)	\$ (6,017,193)	\$ (6,548,502)	\$ (6,957,852)	\$ 349,282
General Revenue and Other Changes in Net Assets	ets						
Governmental activities:							
Taxes							
Property taxes	\$ 2,905,118	\$ 3,293,633	\$ 3,771,189	\$ 4,655,583	\$ 5,336,280	\$ 5,972,802	\$ 6,525,240
Consolidated taxes	1,464,332	1,670,242	1,894,157	2,247,532	2,280,042	2,151,661	1,846,780
Investment earnings	16,805	7,200	36,740	77,819	144,842	172,362	146,825
Total governmental activities	\$ 4,386,255	\$ 4,971,075	\$ 5,702,086	\$ 6,980,934	\$ 7,761,164	\$ 8,296,825	\$ 8,518,845
					•	0000	
Changes in Net Assets, governmental activities	\$ (2/5,2/4)	\$ 166,627	\$ 416,049	\$ 963,741	\$ 1,212,662	\$ 1,338,973	\$ 8,868,127

<sup>1</sup> In 2003, the District implemented GASB State 34 and began the annual process of calculating government-wide data.

### Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

General	Fund	ď
General	run	u

Fiscal Year	R	Reserved	U	nreserved		Total
2000	\$	81,108	\$	939,244	\$	1,020,352
2001		35,092		574,244		609,336
2002		29,447		526,523		555,970
2003		15,519		761,825		777,344
2004		23,288		669,046		692,334
2005		13,615		943,578		957,193
2006		13,234		1,396,830		1,410,064
2007		5,214		1,290,496		1,295,710
2008		24,599		848,007	2	872,606
2009		6,383		1,350,848		1,357,231

### **Other Governmental Funds**

Unreserved, reported in Special Revenue Capital Project Debt Service Fiscal Year Reserved **Funds** Funds Fund Total 2000 \$ 4,127,124 4,127,124 2001 25,000 6,480,113 6,505,113 2002 11,508 1,136,219 (161,550)986,177 2003 20,891 45,838 66,729 2004 193,483 30,420 163,063 4,357 184,575 244,320 2005 55,388 2006 7,711 152,349 302,938 462,998 2007 440 159,947 944,180 1,104,567 2008 46,551 321,093 1,322,748 1,690,392 520,764 2009 11,380 446,868 319,748 1,298,760

### Notes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The substantial decreases in unreserved fund balance for the Capital Project Funds in 2002 and 2003 were due to the construction of the Paseo Verde Library.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The decrease in the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund and the increase in the Capital Project Fund's unreserved fund balance was due to a transfer between the funds which was used to purchase the Green Valley Library opening day collection.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The substantial decrease in unreserved fund balance for the Capital Project Funds was due to multiple construction projects undertaken during the fiscal year.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

I	0000	2001	2002	2003	2007	2005	2006	2002	3008	2009
Revenues	0001	1001	7007		1001		0001	6001		000
Property Taxes	\$ 1,669,637	\$ 1,909,674	\$ 2,345,304	\$ 2,905,118	\$ 3,293,633	\$ 3,771,189	\$ 4,655,583	\$ 5,336,280	\$ 5,972,802	\$ 6,525,240
Consolidated Taxes	1,276,983	1,347,777	1,364,450	1,464,332	1,670,242	1,894,157	2,247,532	2,280,042	2,151,661	1,846,780
Grants	70,467	38,698	199,876	129,358	134,474	129,726	110,334	123,059	252,217	109,216
Fines and forfeits	35,768	31,372	25,156	52,796	67,152	79,991	88,690	109,767	112,860	128,247
Contributions	50,965	1,458	1,120	58,575	13,549	44,248	72,930	67,311	215,183	216,341
Investment income	305,952	400,665	156,817	16,805	7,200	36,740	77,819	144,842	172,362	146,825
Other income	11,917	12,161	15,439	32,807	40,433	116,277	149,908	177,863	163,673	100,124
Total revenues	3,421,689	3,741,805	4,108,162	4,659,791	5,226,683	6,072,328	7,402,796	8,239,164	9,040,758	9,072,773
Expenditures										
Culture and recreation:										
Salaries and wages	958,455	1,165,379	1,456,951	2,048,297	2,333,571	2,548,833	2,845,551	3,259,515	3,505,082	3,629,098
Employee benefits	257,784	311,237	404,396	574,551	707,463	771,980	825,509	928,484	1,044,001	1,083,832
Services and supplies	623,595	675,140	890,137	1,148,956	955,340	1,167,490	1,697,349	1,974,483	2,202,216	2,216,359
Capital outlay	686,106	1,123,076	6,734,234	1,551,359	977,251	2,313,597	1,006,067	1,191,940	1,768,468	3,767,819
Debt Service:										
Interest	ı	ı	71,746	35,389	50,314	62,632	79,471	70,127	60,570	50,572
Principal	ı	ı	1,623,000	1	161,000	166,000	277,000	287,100	297,400	306,800
Administrative										
and other costs	1	1	1	17,924	1	300	300	300	300	300
Total expenditures	2,525,940	3,274,832	11,180,464	5,376,476	5,184,939	7,030,832	6,731,247	7,711,949	8,878,037	11,054,780
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	895,749	466,973	(7,072,302)	(716,685)	41,744	(958,504)	671,549	527,215	162,721	(1,982,007)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from horrowing	(S:	1.500.000	1.500.000	,	,	1.274.500	1	1	1	2.075.000
Proceeds from refunding	•			1,431,000	1		1	ı	ı	
Payment to escrow agent	1	'	1	(1,412,389)	1	1	1	1	1	'
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	1	1,500,000	1,500,000	18,611	1	1,274,500	1	1	1	2,075,000
Net change in fund balances	\$ 895,749	\$ 1,966,973	\$ (5,572,302)	\$ (698,074)	\$ 41,744	\$ 315,996	\$ 671,549	\$ 527,215	\$ 162,721	\$ 92,993
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0.0%	0.0%	38.1%	1.4%	2.0%	4.9%	6.2%	5.5%	2.0%	4.9%

Table 5

## HENDERSON DISTRICT PUBLIC LIBRARIES

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Real P	Real Property	Persona	Personal Property	Total	tal	Percentage of Taxable Assessed Value	Total
Fiscal Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	to Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Direct Tax Rate
1999-2000	1999-2000 \$ 2,964,174,450 \$ 8,469,069,857	\$ 8,469,069,857	\$ 333,963,140	\$ 954,180,400	\$ 3,298,137,590	\$ 9,423,250,257	35%	\$ 0.0500
2000-2001	3,330,800,880	9,516,573,943	392,340,610	1,120,973,171	3,723,141,490	10,637,547,114	35%	0.0502
2001-2002	4,115,403,345	11,758,295,271	521,985,090	1,491,385,971	4,637,388,435	13,249,681,243	35%	0.0507
2002-2003	4,913,407,352	14,038,306,720	559,208,170	1,597,737,629	5,472,615,522	15,636,044,349	35%	0.0531
2003-2004	5,650,278,349	16,143,652,426	526,698,452	1,504,852,720	6,176,976,801	17,648,505,146	35%	0.0533
2004-2005	6,551,394,060	18,718,268,743	567,766,392	1,622,189,691	7,119,160,452	20,340,458,434	35%	0.0533
2005-2006	9,866,711,823	28,190,605,209	617,491,635	1,764,261,814	10,484,203,458	29,954,867,023	35%	0.0533
2006-2007	14,049,539,660	40,141,541,886	730,579,401	2,087,369,717	14,780,119,061	42,228,911,603	35%	0.0533
2007-2008	15,920,800,412	45,488,001,177	699,346,954	1,998,134,154	16,620,147,366	47,486,135,331	35%	0.0582
2008-2009	2008-2009 16,071,037,727	45,917,250,649	584,783,077	1,670,808,791	16,655,820,804	47,588,059,440	35%	0.0590
Source: Cla	Source: Clark County Assessor's Office	r's Office						

Note: Property is reassessed each year. The county assesses property at 35 percent of actual value. Estimated actual value is calculated by dividing assessed value by that percentage. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Property Tax Rates <sup>1</sup> - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

ì	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09
Direct Henderson District Public Libraries	0.0500	0.0502	0.0507	0.0531	0.0535	0.0533	0.0533	0.0533	0.0582	0.0590
Overlapping Governments State Wide:										
State of Nevada County Wide:	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700
County Funds	0.6579	0.6527	0.6352	0.6352	0.6502	0.6652	0.6575	0.6566	0.6541	0.6541
School District	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034
Cities:										
Henderson	0.7040	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108
Other Governments:										
Las Vegas Artesian Basin	0.0026	0.0024	0.0022	0.0020	0.0018	0.0016	0.0013	0.0009	0.0008	0.0008

Source: State of Nevada Department of Taxation's "Local Government Finance Redbook"

Note: <sup>1</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value, constitutional limit is generally \$3.64 on any one area's combined tax rate.

Table 7

## HENDERSON DISTRICT PUBLIC LIBRARIES

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Year 2009	2009	Fiscal Year 2000	2000
			Percentage of Total		Percentage of Total
		Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation
Basic Management Incorporated	Real Estate	\$ 254,577,603	1.53%	13,598,740	0.41%
Focus Property Group	Real Estate	253,748,209	1.52%	-	
Greenspun Companies	Real Estate	184,879,646	1.11%	-	-
Lake at Las Vegas Ventures	Real Estate	181,400,234	1.09%	48,023,300	1.46%
Station Casinos Incorporated	Hotel/Casino	139,071,394	0.83%	56,514,610	1.71%
Green Valley Ranch Gaming LLC	Hotel/Casino	118,129,612	0.71%	-	-
W.L. Nevada Incorporated	Real Estate	85,400,000	0.51%	-	-
Pardee Homes	Real Estate	64,492,142	0.39%	-	-
Pulte Homes	Real Estate	62,228,920	0.37%		-
Richard C. MacDonald Properties	Real Estate	60,644,822	0.36%		-
Silver Springs Incorporated	Real Estate	-	-	59,567,170	1.81%
Del Webb Communities Incorporated	Real Estate		-	41,005,980	1.24%
Camden Residential Incorporated	Real Estate	!	!	29,293,370	0.89%
Ranch Center Associates Limited Partnership	Real Estate	!	!	24,611,810	0.75%
Levi Strauss & Company	Warehousing		!	20,102,930	0.61%
Ameristar Casino Las Vegas Incorporated	Hotel/Casino	-	!	14,432,730	0.44%
Foothills Partnership	Real Estate	-	-	13,775,340	0.42%
Total Top Ten Principal Taxpayers	   <del> </del>	5 1,404,572,582	8.42%	\$ 320,925,980	9.74%
Total Assessed Valuation	<del>91</del>	\$ 16,655,820,804	100.00%	\$ 3,298,137,590	100.00%

Source: Clark County Assessor's Office

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	ate	Percentage of the	Current Levy 1	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	%6.66	99.4%	97.4%
	ctions to I	Percent	Curre										
	Total Collections to Date		Amount	25,322,606	28,965,448	34,106,224	42,300,099	47,178,698	54,275,096	67,171,384	83,934,681	94,118,619	98,382,740
				\$			,	•					
	Collections	in Subsequent	Years	292,706	327,796	441,394	518,243	261,995	209,680	322,694	673,110	1,096,410	ı
Collected within	ပိ	in S		\$									
	the Levy Year	Percentage	of the Levy	88.86	%6.86	98.7%	88.86	99.4%	%9.66	99.5%	99.1%	98.3%	97.4%
Collec			Amount	25,029,900	28,637,652	33,664,830	41,781,856	46,916,703	54,065,416	66,848,690	83,261,571	93,022,209	98,382,740
				S									
			Levy	\$ 25,322,606	28,965,448	34,106,224	42,300,099	47,178,698	54,277,712	67,174,503	84,017,066	94,662,832	101,014,202
				97									
		Fiscal	Year	2000	2001	2002	$2003^{2}$	$2004^{2}$	$2005^{2}$	2006 3	2007 <sup>3</sup>	2008 3	2009 <sup>3</sup>

Notes:

Source: Clark County Comptroller's Office

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Figured on collections to net levy (actual levy less stricken taxes).

 $<sup>^2\ \</sup>mathrm{Includes}$  tax levy and collections for Henderson Redevelopment Agency.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes tax levy and collections for Henderson Redevelopment Agency and Henderson District Public Libraries.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years

Debt as a	Percentage of	Estimated Actual	Value of	Taxable Property	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%
	Estimated	Actual Value	of Taxable	Property <sup>3</sup>	\$ 9,423,250,257	10,637,547,114	13,249,681,243	15,636,044,349	17,648,505,146	20,340,458,434	29,954,867,023	42,228,911,603	47,486,135,331	47,588,059,440
	Debt as a	Percentage	of Personal	Income	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%
			Personal	Income <sup>2</sup>	*	*	*	*	*	*	8,836,009,011	9,331,499,855	9,606,345,252	9,653,025,150
		Debt	per	Capita	· \$	ı	6.53	6.42	5.40	9.75	8.15	6.83	5.63	12.00
				Population <sup>1</sup>	190,512	199,695	210,850	223,070	235,292	243,897	257,838	265,589	269,245	273,804
		General	Obligation	Bonds	- \$	I	1,377,000	1,431,000	1,270,000	2,378,500	2,101,500	1,814,400	1,517,000	3,285,200
			Fiscal	Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009

<sup>\*</sup>Information not readily available

Sources:

Note: Prior to Fiscal Year 2002, the District did not have any outstanding debt.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>City of Henderson Community Development Department

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Applied Analysis, Las Vegas, NV

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clark County Assessor's Office

### Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities Debt	Percentage Applicable to Henderson District Public Libraries	Amount Applicable to Henderson District Public Libraries
Direct			
Henderson District Public Libraries	\$ 3,285,200	100.00%	\$ 3,285,200
Overlapping			
Clark County <sup>1</sup>	623,495,000	14.86%	92,651,357
Clark County School District <sup>2</sup>	4,670,965,000	14.86%	694,105,399
City of Henderson <sup>3</sup>	372,221,979	100.00%	372,221,979
Las Vegas Artesian Basin <sup>1</sup>	-	0.00%	
Total	\$ 5,669,967,179		\$ 1,162,263,935

### Sources:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clark County Assessor's Office

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clark County School District Finance Department

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> City of Henderson Finance Department

Debt Limit Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

10.00		2000-01 2001-02 2002-03 2003-04
\$ 6,176,976,801	\$ 5,472,615,522	
617,697,680	44 547,261,552	372,314,149 463,738,844 547,261,552
1,270,000	1,431,000	
	44 \$ 545,830,552 \$ 616,427,680	
	99.74%	

## Demographic and Economic Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City of			Per Capita	Clark County	Clark County
	Henderson		Personal	Personal	Unemployment	School
Fiscal Year	Population <sup>1</sup>		Income <sup>2</sup>	Income	Rate <sup>3</sup>	Enrollment <sup>4</sup>
1999-2000	190,512	\$	*	*	3.50%	217,139
2000-2001	199,695		*	*	4.40%	231,125
2001-2002	210,850		*	*	6.60%	244,684
2002-2003	223,070		*	*	5.60%	255,328
2003-2004	235,292		*	*	4.40%	268,357
2004-2005	243,897		*	*	4.00%	280,834
2005-2006	257,838	8	3,836,009,011	34,270	4.30%	291,510
2006-2007	265,589	Ģ	9,331,499,855	35,135	4.70%	302,763
2007-2008	269,245	Ģ	9,606,345,252	35,679	6.50%	314,403
2008-2009	273,804	Ģ	9,653,025,150	35,255	12.30%	309,573

<sup>\*</sup>Information not readily available

## Sources:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>City of Henderson Community Development Department

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Applied Analysis, Las Vegas, NV

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Nevada Department of Employment Security

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clark County School District (4th Week) - Public School Enrollment Only

HENDERSON DISTRICT PUBLIC LIBRARIES

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fis	Fiscal Year 2009	60	Fisca	Fiscal Year 2000	000
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total City			of Total City
Employer	Employees <sup>1</sup>	Rank	Employment	Employees <sup>2</sup>	Rank	Employment
City of Henderson	3,000-3,500	1	2.23%-2.60%	1,800	-	*
Green Valley Ranch Gaming LLC	1,500-1,999	2	1.11%-1.48%			
M Resort	1,500-1,999	3	1.11%-1.48%			-
St. Rose Dominican - Siena	1,500-1,999	4	1.11%-1.48%			-
Sunset Station Hotel & Casino	1,000-1,499	5	.74%-1.11%	1,000-1,799	2	*
St. Rose Dominican Hospital	668-008	9	.59%67%	750-1,000	33	*
Fiesta Lake Mead Station	700-799	7	.52%59%			
Medco Health LLC	700-799	8	.52%59%			-
Zappos.com	700-799	6	.52%59%			
Ford Motor Credit Co.	500-599	10	.37%44%			-
The Reserve				750-1,000	4	*
Providian Financial				500-749	5	*
Hyatt Regency Hotel & Casino				500-749	9	*
Good Humor - Breyers			-	400-499	7	*
Joker's Wild				300-399	∞	*
Railroad Pass				300-399	6	*
Levi-Strauss & Co.			-	200-299	10	*
Total	11,900-14,891		8.82%-11.03%	6,500-8,693		*
Total City Employment <sup>1</sup>	134,613			*		

<sup>\*</sup> Information not readily available

Sources:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Applied Analysis, Las Vegas, Nevada

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>City of Henderson Finance Department

Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

ı				Full-time E	quivalent E	mployees as	loyees as of June 30			
1	2000	2001	2002	2003 1	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 <sup>3</sup>
Library Services										
Reference	5.0	5.0	0.9	9.0	10.0	10.5	11.0	11.5	11.5	18.0
Circulation	11.5	13.5	14.5	22.5	23.0	24.5	26.0	24.0	24.0	34.5
Outreach <sup>2</sup>	-						3.0	4.5	4.5	4.5
Youth Services	5.0	0.9	6.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	11.0	13.0	12.5	19.0
Acquisitions & Bibliographic Service	3.0	3.0	0.9	5.0	0.9	0.9	6.5	7.0	8.0	0.6
Administration	6.5	0.9	7.5	10.5	10.5	11.0	12.5	11.0	8.5	10.5
Information Technology	1.0	2.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Total	32.0	36.0	44.5	61.5	65.0	0.69	74.5	76.5	74.5	101.0

Notes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Paseo Verde Library was completed and opened at the beginning of fiscal year 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The Outreach Department was established in fiscal year 2006 with the purchase of a bookmobile.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Green Valley Library transferred ownership to HDPL on January 1, 2009. The library was remodeled and reopened to the public in April 2009.

Library Materials and Circulation Summary Last Ten Fiscal Years

Turnover Rate <sup>2</sup>	2.47%	2.60%	2.27%	2.62%	2.96%	2.96%	2.87%	2.96%	2.96%	3.12%
Number of Items Circulated	452,322	513,131	533,516	685,356	855,713	907,082	956,974	1,068,511	1,186,113	1,422,692
Net Book Value of Collections	*	*	*	1,691,100	2,092,249	2,452,070	2,850,647	3,548,006	4,762,793	5,379,075
Cost of Disposed Items	(300,011)	(104,319)	(88,193)	(175,624)	(227,272)	(89,186)	(902,713)	(427,117)	(333,803)	(319,097)
Cost of New Acquisitions	550,018	557,373	748,504	724,960	849,746	866,858	1,011,146	1,241,004	1,810,734	1,354,475
Cost of Total Collection	2,971,413	3,221,420	3,674,474	4,334,785	4,884,121	5,506,595	6,284,267	6,392,700	7,206,587	8,683,518
Items Owned	182,776	197,605	235,407	261,191	288,983	306,332	333,482	361,158	400,698	456,718
Fiscal Year	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005	2005-2006	2006-2007	2007-2008	2008-2009

<sup>\*</sup> Information not readily available

## Notes:

<sup>1</sup>GASB Statement 34, implemented in 2003, requires that capital assets be depreciated. HDPL's collection of books and materials is considered a capital asset. Net book value represents total acquisition cost of circulating materials less depreciation to date.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Turnover rate is the number of times an item is checked out. This is an average of publicly circulating items in the total collection.

HENDERSON DISTRICT PUBLIC LIBRARIES

Circulation by Location Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	452,322	513,131	533,516	685,367	855,713	907,082	956,974	1,068,511	1,186,113	1,422,704	
Remote Services <sup>1</sup>		!	-	-	!	1,206	1,769	8,748	12,365	10,875 6	
Pittman Library	*	4,911	5,764	5,379	6,129	9,763	8,251	8,322	989'9	4,982 5	
Paseo Verde Library			!	315,597 <sup>2</sup>	475,171	501,877	536,341	606,145	680,128	789,622	
Lydia Malcolm Library	*	159,723	155,648	49,753	39,589	40,285	80,003	104,532	116,684	133,343	
James I. Gibson Library	*	348,497	372,104	314,636	334,824	353,951	330,610	340,764	370,250	403,138	
Green Valley Library		!	-	!	!	!	-	!	!	76,242	
Galleria Library		!	!	!	!	!	-	!	!	4,490 <sup>3</sup>	
Fiscal Year	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005	2005-2006	2006-2007	2007-2008	2008-2009	

<sup>\*</sup>Information not readily available

## Notes:

Remote Services includes e-books, remote deposit collections, downloadable materials, and the bookmobile. E-books became available in fiscal year 2005, the remote deposit collections and the bookmobile began operations at the end of fiscal year 2006, and downloadable materials became available in fiscal year 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The Paseo Verde Library opened at the end of August 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The Galleria Library opened in February 2009.

process, a temporary library was set up, beginning in February 2009, to provide limited circulation to local patrons. The library reopened in April 2009. <sup>4</sup>Ownership of the Green Valley Library was transferred to HDPL on January 1, 2009. The building was closed for remodeling. During the remodeling

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The Pittman Library closed in February 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The bookmobile discontinued service in May 2009.

Service Location Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

2008-09	1,342	21,410	16,850		6,030	43,313			9	9
2007-08			16,850		6,030 3	43,313	1,200		v	9
2006-07			16,850		4,030	43,313	1,200		v	9
End 2005-06			16,850		4,030	43,313	1,200		9	9
Fiscal Year- 2004-05			16,850		4,030 <sup>2</sup>	43,313	1,200		v	9
Square Footage as of Fiscal Year-End 2003 2003-04 2004-05 200			16,850	4,669		43,313	1,200		9	9
Square ] 2002-03			16,850	4,669		43,313	1,200		v	9
2001-02			16,850	4,669 1			1,200	1,500		ν
2000-01			16,850	6,409			1,200	1,500		vo.
1999-00			16,850	6,409			1,200	1,500 4		ν
Current Status	Leased	Owned	Owned	Leased	Owned	Owned	Leased	Leased	Owned	Owned
Current Address	1300 W. Sunset Rd, Ste 1121 Henderson, NV 89014	2797 N Green Valley Pkwy Henderson, NV 89014	280 S Water St Henderson, NV 89015	80 N Pecos, Suite H Henderson, NV 89074	2960 Sunridge Heights Pkwy Henderson, NV 89074	280 S Green Valley Pkwy Henderson, NV 89012	1680 Moser Henderson, NV 89015	115 S Water Street Henderson, NV 89015	280 S Green Valley Pkwy Henderson, NV 89012	280 S Green Valley Pkwy Henderson, NV 89012
	<u>LIBKARIES</u> Galleria Library	Green Valley Library	James I Gibson Library	Lydia Malcolm Library		Paseo Verde Library	Pittman Library	SUPPORT SERVICES Administrative/Acquisitions & Bibliographic Services		Information Technology Services

Notes:

The Talking Books program moved out of the Malcolm Library at the beginning of this fiscal year thereby increasing the square footage used for library services to 6,030 square feet.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The reduction in square footage is due to a portion of the facility being subleased to the State of Nevada's Talking Books Program. The remaining square footage was retained for library use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The District purchased a 6,030 square foot building in which the Malcolm Library was relocated. Of the 6,030 square feet, 2,000 square feet was allocated to the Talking Books program, leaving the indicated square footage for library services.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The District temporarily leased a location for the Administrative Services and Acquisitions & Bibliographic Services.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Square footage for this location is included in the James I. Gibson Library.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Square footage for this location is included in the Paseo Verde Library.

Percentage of General Fund Operating Expenditures Spent on Library Books and Materials Last Ten Fiscal Years

	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005	2005-2006	2006-2007	2007-2008	2008-2009
Total General Fund Expenditures	\$ 2,525,940	\$ 2,788,421	\$ 3,362,853	\$ 4,263,748	\$ 4,722,017	\$ 4,957,007	\$ 5,861,872	\$ 6,644,108	\$ 6,943,668	\$ 6,902,969
Less Capital Outlay Other Than Books	(136,088)	(97,924)	(54,435)	(94,924)	(100,025)	(6,472)	(45,565)	(69,479)	(2,956)	(3,500)
Less Other Grant Expenditures:										
Library Books and Materials	1	1	ı	(10,920)	(10,932)	ı	1	ı	ı	1
Other Noncapital Expenditures	1	1	ı	(15,132)	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	1
Less State Grant Expenditures:										
Library Books and Materials	(40,535)	(37,535)	(75,943)	ı	(1,060)	ı	1	ı	ı	1
Other Noncapital Expenditures	1	1	ı	ı	(4,979)	ı	1	ı	ı	1
Less Federal Grant Expenditures:										
Library Books and Materials	ı	1	(92,946)	(9,131)	(20,357)	(419)	1	ı	ı	1
Other Noncapital Expenditures	(5,000)	(1,163)	(12,626)	(61,787)	(14,106)	(1,790)	1	1	1	1
Total General Fund Operating Expenditures	\$ 2,344,317	\$ 2,651,799	\$ 3,126,903	\$ 4,071,854	\$ 4,570,558	\$ 4,948,326	\$ 5,816,307	\$ 6,574,629	\$ 6,940,712	\$ 6,899,469
Total Library Books and Materials	\$ 550,018	\$ 557,373	\$ 748,503	\$ 630,956	\$ 750,429	\$ 787,602	\$ 831,321	\$ 920,038	\$ 817,072	\$ 694,093
Less Other Grant Book Expenditures	1	1	1	(10,920)	(10,932)	1		1	1	1
Less State Grant Book Expenditures	(40,535)	(37,535)	(75,943)	1	(1,060)	ı		ı	ı	1
Less Federal Grant Book Expenditures		ı	(92,946)	(9,131)	(20,357)	(419)	ı	1	1	•
Total Operating Library Books and Materials	\$ 509,483	\$ 519,838	\$ 579,614	\$ 610,905	\$ 718,080	\$ 787,183	\$ 831,321	\$ 920,038	\$ 817,072	\$ 694,093
Percentage of Total General Fund Operating Expenditures	21.73%	19.60%	18.54%	15.00%	15.71%	15.91%	14.29%	13.99%	11.77%	10.06%

Notes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Contributions and Grants Fund was created in fiscal year 2005. Grants awarded after fiscal year 2004 are recorded in this new fund and are therefore not recorded on this schedule.



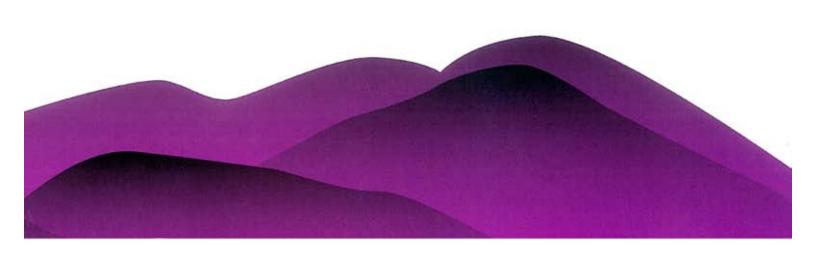
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COMPLIANCE SECTION



## and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees of Henderson District Public Libraries Henderson, Nevada

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Henderson District Public Libraries as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise Henderson District Public Libraries' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Henderson District Public Libraries' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Henderson District Public Libraries' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Henderson District Public Libraries' internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We noted no material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Henderson District Public Libraries' basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could

have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Trustees and management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kajoury, Ainstrong & Co.

Reno, Nevada October 29, 2009



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AUDITOR'S COMMENTS



## HENDERSON DISTRICT PUBLIC LIBRARIES AUDITOR'S COMMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

## STATUTE COMPLIANCE

The required disclosure on compliance with the Nevada Revised Statutes and the Nevada Administrative Code is contained in Note 2 to the financial statements.

## PROGRESS ON PRIOR YEAR STATUTE COMPLIANCE

HDPL conformed to all significant statutory constraints on its financial administration during the year ended June 30, 2008.

## **PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS**

There were no specific recommendations made in the audit report for the year ended June 30, 2008.

## **CURRENT YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS**

We did not find any financial weaknesses of a magnitude to justify inclusion within our audit report.



## Independent Accountant's Report

To the Board of Trustees of Henderson District Public Libraries Henderson, Nevada

We have reviewed the assertion provided by management in accordance with Nevada Revised Statute 354.624 (5) (a):

- The identified funds are being used expressly for the purposes for which they were created,
- > The funds are administered in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America,
- The reserved fund balances in the funds were reasonable and necessary to carry out the purposes of the funds at June 30, 2009 (based on the interpretation of reasonable and necessary provided by the Legislative Counsel Bureau),
- > The sources of revenues, including transfers, available for the funds are as noted in the financial statements,
- The funds conformed to significant statutory and regulatory constraints on its financial administration during the year ended June 30, 2009,
- > The net assets and fund balances of the funds are as noted in the financial statements.

This assertion is the responsibility of the management of the Henderson District Public Libraries.

Our review was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review is substantially less in scope than an examination, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the assertion. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the assertion provided by management, referred to above, is not fairly stated in all material respects.

Kafoury, Armstrong & Co.

Reno, Nevada October 29, 2009